

Ancient cities

and their reflection to today's world

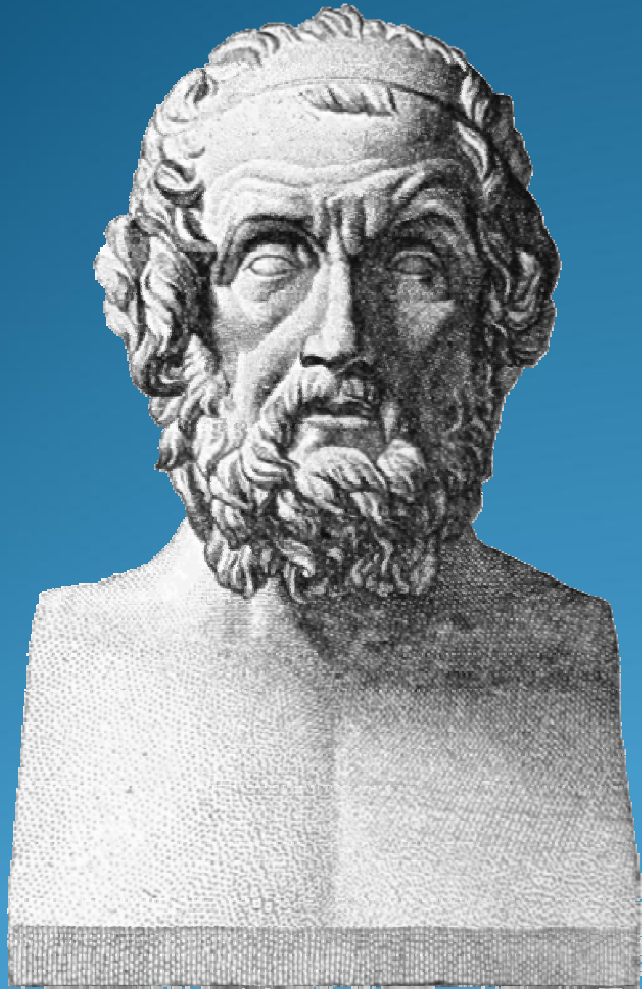


Sokrates Grundtvig Learning Partnership 2010 - 2012
Volkshochschule Schrobenshausen e. V.

Lithuantian Project Meeting
Vilnius, 22th – 26th Sept. 2011

Ancient cities and commerce :
Blonde curls and hodgepodge

Connotation of ancient world



Ancient world in our thinking is:

- Philosophy
- Art and literature
- „Gradle of occident“

But:

- No philosophy without economy
- Being determines consciousness

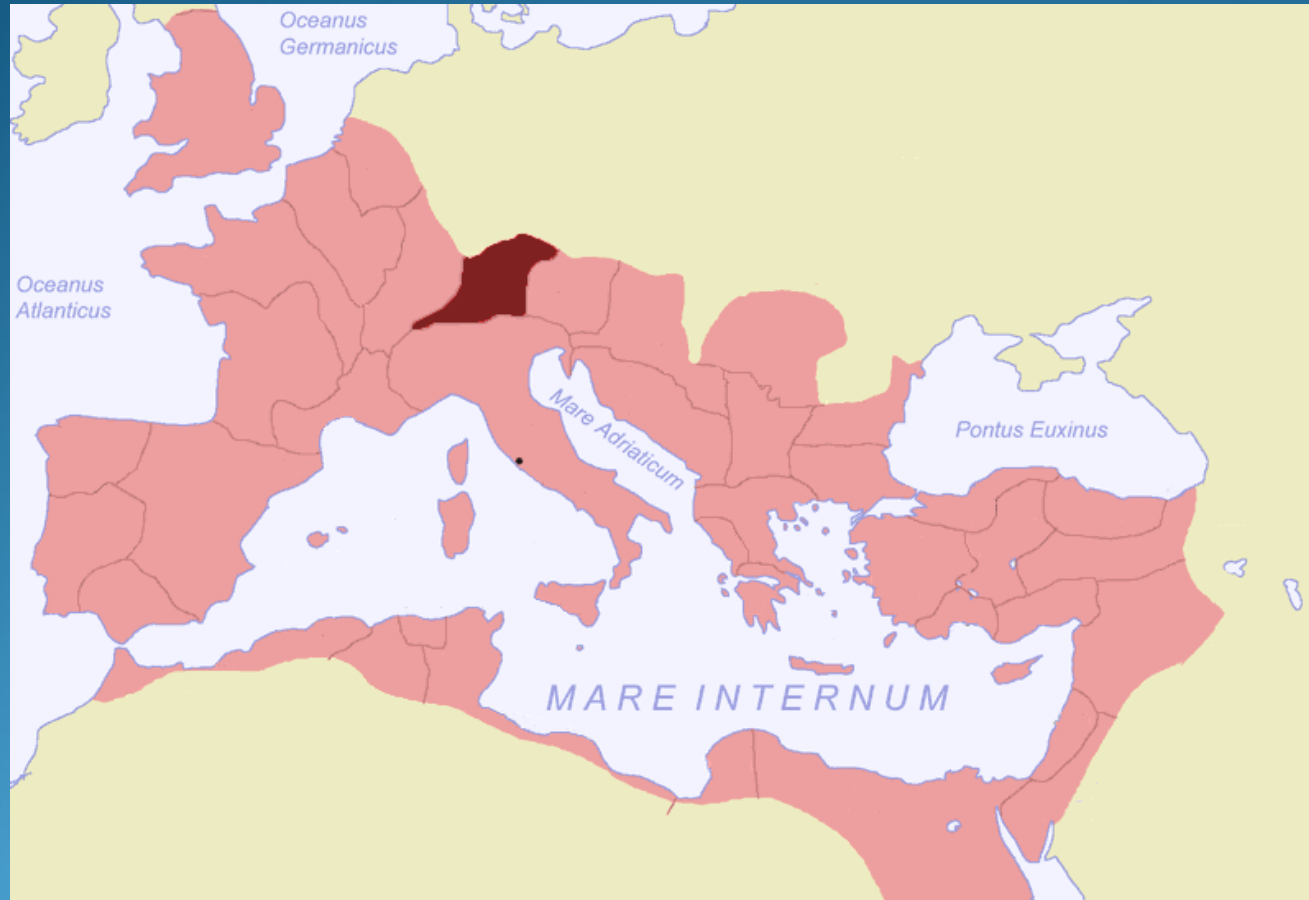
Ancient cities and commerce



- Production
- Warehousing
- Processing
- Market place
- Buying and selling
- Import and export
- Transport and shipping
- Banking business

◀ Augusta Treverorum (reconstruction)

Roman province of Raetia



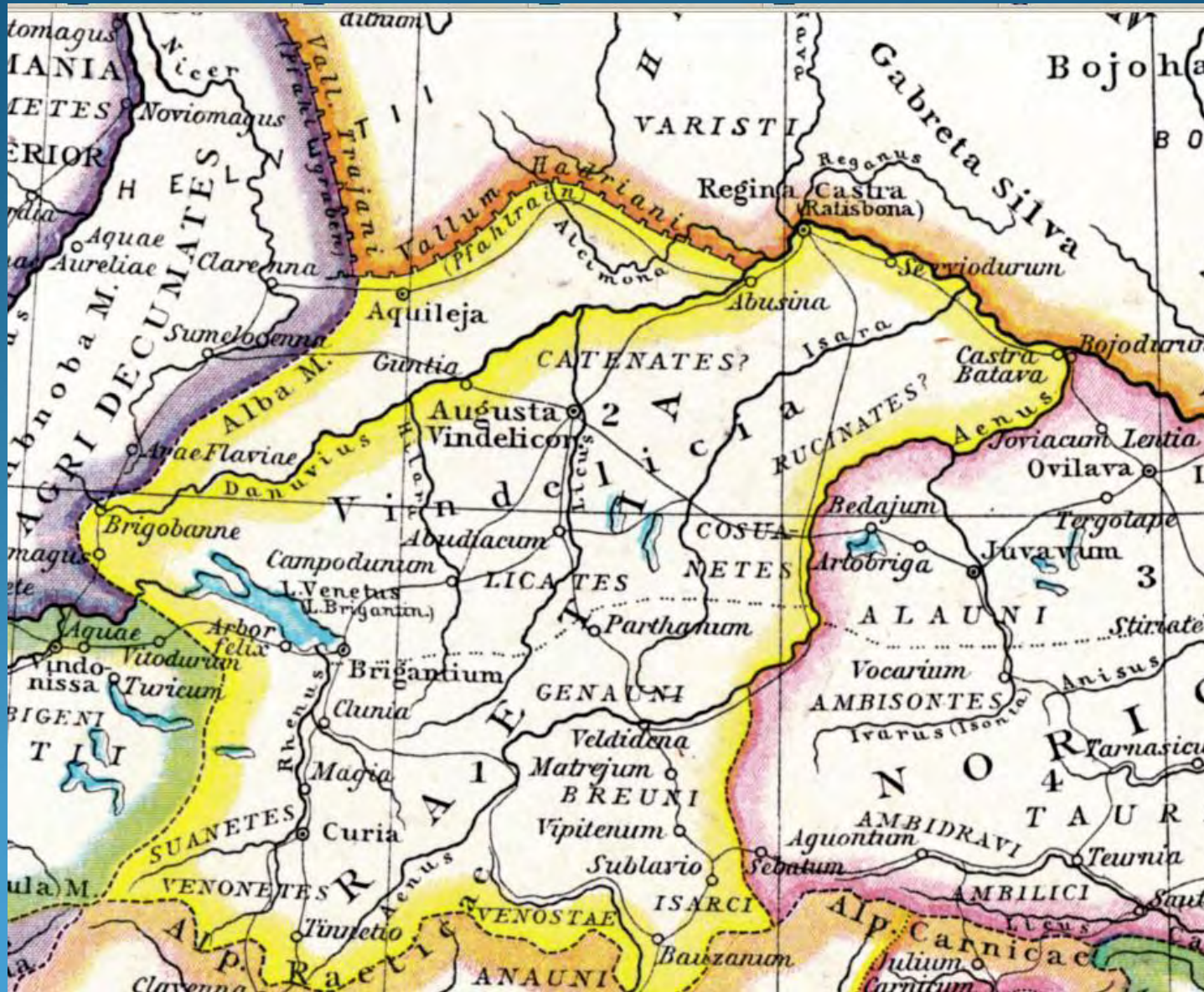
The province of Raetia was conquered by Drusus and Tiberius in the year 15 BC.

Augusta Vindelicorum (I)

- ❖ Founded about 14 AC by Augustus
- ❖ Capital of the province Raetia
- ❖ Tacitus (Germ. 41):
„splendissima Raetiae provinciae colonia“
- ❖ Central point of administration and commerce
- ❖ Taken over by Alemanni in the 4th century.

(Present-day Augsburg (264 000 inhabitants) is still a very busy town of commerce and industry.)

Augusta Vindelicorum (II)



Augusta Vindelicorum (III): Junction of roads



Via Claudia
Augusta



Via Julia



Military roads
along the Danube



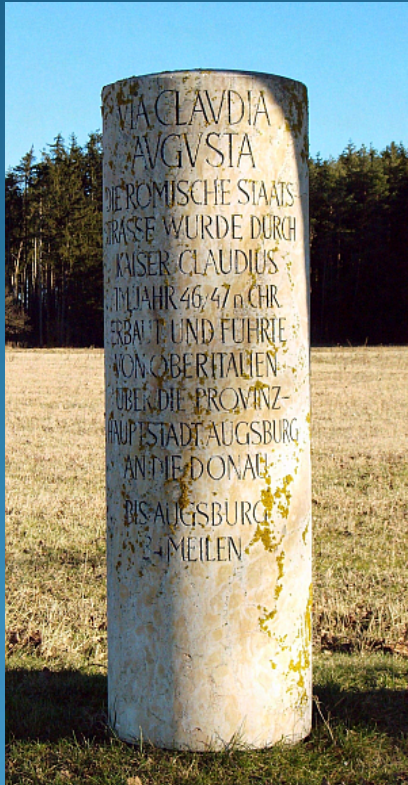
Local roads

Via Claudia Augusta (I)



This road was initiated by Drusus in 15 BC as a military artery of conquest and defence, and Emperor Claudius continued its development as a cultural and commercial artery with permanently populated posting stations where fresh horses would be available.

Via Claudia Augusta (II)



Replica of Roman milestone on the Via Claudia Augusta



Remains of Via Claudia Augusta in Lake Forggensee in spring (low water level)

Land transport in Roman times



Long distance trade and local trade in Augusta Vindelicorum



Replica of a Villa rustica

- Land transport very expensive and only profitable in the case of very valuable goods.
- Local trade: agricultural products for the city
- Every day and – to a less extent – „luxury goods“ for the urban hinterlands.
- Cross border trade with Germanic people

Cross border trade with Germanic people at the Limes



The „Limes Germanicus“ was a border defense or delimiting system of Ancient Rome. But there were also a close commercial relationship across the fortifications.

„Limes Germanicus“:
„Reconstruction of a watch tower

Roman exports to „Germany“



Roman Patera made of silver

- Articles for everyday consumption
- Bronze and silver items
- Jewelry, glass
- Gold and silver coins
- Other prestige goods, sometimes specially adopted to the „barbarian taste“

Roman imports from „Germany“



- amber
- skins
- leather
- agricultural surplus
- blonde hair
- slaves

The roman legacy: Augsburg – medieval center of global trade



Thank you very much!



Labai ačiū!



Vielen Dank!

Die **vhs**
Volkshochschule